

What are the aims and intentions of this curriculum?

The aim of this curriculum is to introduce students to the search for freedom in history by taking a close look at the history of *America from 1917-1980 and South Africa, 1948-94: from apartheid state to 'rainbow nation'*. Students will study the history of *America* by looking at the themes of political changes, economic changes, and social changes. The unit will end with an exercise in analysing interpretation by studying the presidency of Ronald Reagan. Studying a country like *South Africa* requires a step outside British experiences. There may be some familiar points, and these are valuable hooks on which to hang analysis: connections through English-speaking people, British colonisation and sport; the anti-apartheid struggle and the iconic figure of Mandela. By studying these, students will go deep into learning by examining how the separate parts of history combine to create the bigger picture: in this instance, freedom. Students are encouraged to express their personal views and opinions while respecting the traditions and belief systems of others through oral discussion, written essays, and by digital projects. Additionally, students will dive into the depths and complexities of history by evaluating the details of history in order to dissect the trends, patterns, rules, and see the overall big picture. This course is geared towards allowing students to embrace the British Values of Tolerance, Equal Opportunity and Respect for Diversity.

Term	Topics	Knowledge and key terms	Skills developed	Assessment
Autumn 1	America:	America: In this term we will look at the	Students will expand their skills in critical	Students will be assessed
		American government and how it is run. That	thinking, analysis of primary sources, judge	periodically through
	The changing political	way we can better analyse the changing	interpretations of key events, and participate in	written essays, oral
	environment in America from	political values of the time and the fall of	simulations that will deepen their experience of	discussions, simulations,
	1917-1980.	traditional republican ideas in favour of the	history.	and presentations.
		more socially progressive democratic policies.		
		Additionally, students will look at how each	Through debate and class discussions, students	
		president impacted the office of the president,	will begin to develop skills of finding, voicing,	
		compare and contrast each presidency, asses	and supporting their own opinions. They will	
		the eventual circle back to republicanism, and	practice organising, supporting, and structuring	
		question if it will circle back to democratic	these ideas in essays that are designed to	
		socially progressive ideas. Finally, we will	prepare them for their AS or A Level exam.	
		investigate the wars that America was involved		
		in from 1917 –1980 to evaluate and measure its		
		impact on American politics.		
		Key terms will include but are not limited to:		
		Republican, Republicanism, Democrats,		
		Separation of Powers, Congress, Presidency,		
		Supreme Court, Checks and Balances, Economic		
		Depression, Social Welfare, Great Depression,		
		Lassiez –Faire, New Deal, Korean War, Vietnam		
		War, Communism		

	South Africa: 2b.1 The response to apartheid (1948-59)	During this half term students will look at life in South Africa in 1948. This encompasses the different cultural groups and the issues they face living in South Africa. Students will also understand the reasons the National Party was victorious in the 1948 elections. The National Party then implemented and codified apartheid (1948-59). However, minority groups especially blacks rebelled against this segregationally system. Hence, there was a growth of African nationalism. Students will complete the unit by understanding the ways in which African nationalism grew throughout 1948-59. Keywords: apartheid, Boer, Afrikaners, Great Trek, homeland, African National Congress, Union of South Africa.	Students will develop organisational skills in terms of structuring points for essay questions. Writing essay should also develop their analytical skills of interpreting and developing the questions asked. This can also be seen in interpreting sources that are related to usefulness and weight of the information in an enquiry.	Essay questions Debate Source questions Class assessment Peer assessment
Autumn 2	America: Civil Rights from 1917- 1980	In this unit, students will take a deep look at the African American Civil Rights Movement and its impact on Latinx Americans, LGBTQ+ community, and the Native Americans. We will begin by looking at the injustices and systematic racism in place in American society and its effects on African Americans, Latinx, Asian Americans, Native Americans, and the LGBTQ+ community. Then, we will take a closer look at the African American Civil Rights Movement and assess its success. Then we will see its influence on other minority movements and assess their successes. Key terms will include but are not limited to: Segregation, Migration, National Association for the Advancement of Coloured People, Lynching, 14 th Amendment, Hispanic American, Brown v. Board of Education, Boycott, Ghetto, Extension, Bracero Program, Operation Wetback, Angel Island, Elis Island, and Proposition 6.	Students will continue to work on their skills of critical thinking, analysis, annotation, extended thinking, questioning, comparing, infer, determine importance, judge, justify, and determine influence. Again, students will be able to voice their own opinions through discussions and debates. They will have to prove and support their opinions in all oral and written tasks. They will be given multiple opportunities to practice writing structured, supported, and organised essays.	Students will be assessed periodically through written essays, Socratic Seminars, and digital presentations. Students will also be asked to sit through a mock exam at some point during this term. This is designed to mimic the actual exam. This is will give us the best measurement of where they are at and what we need to do to get them to achieve the best possible grade.

	South Africa: 2b.2 Radicalisation of resistance and the consolidation of National Party power, 1960-68.	Throughout this unit students will learn about the reasons why African opposition to apartheid increased during the years 1960-1. Here students will understand the case study of the Sharpeville Massacre and the significance it had on the anti-apartheid movement. Then students will analyse the factors that strengthened apartheid or 'separate development' in the years 1960-66. Key words: Suez Crisis, stayaway, cold war, separate development, armed struggle.	Students will develop organisational skills in terms of structuring points for essay questions. Writing essay should also develop their analytical skills of interpreting and developing the questions asked. This can also be seen in interpreting sources that are related to usefulness and weight of the information in an enquiry.	Class assessment Peer assessment Projects
Spring 1	America: The society and cultural change of America from 1917-1980	During this unit, students will evaluate the changes in society and culture from 1917-1980. To begin, students will look at the Roaring 20s, follow the lives of Americans with the crash of Wall Street in 1929 and into the Great Depression of the 1930s. Then we'll look at the impact the Second World War had on American lives and industry. From there, we will look at the aftermath of WWII on the American people with things such as conformity, the Second Red Scare and the Cold War. Finally, we will end with the rise of the hippie movement and the impact of the Reagan years on American Society. Key terms will include but are not limited to: Roaring Twenties, Feminism, Economy, Post-War, Suburb, Radical, Immigration, Minority, Urban, Genre, Film, Theatre, Media, Music Industry, Radio, Celebrity, Broadcast News, and Television	Students will practice the skills of analysing a variety of primary sources including images, TV shows, films, and news articles. They will continue to hone their critical thinking while maintaining a growth mindset by reading, watching, and engaging in various activities that will expose them to new ideas. They will form judgements of their own on the impact of the cultural and societal changes in American each decade and how each decade was drastically different.	Throughout the term, students will be participate in Socratic Seminars, write essays and prepare and give digital presentations that will be assessed. Again, students will also be asked to sit through a mock exam at some point during this term. This is designed to mimic the actual exam. This is will give us the best measurement of where they are at and what we need to do to get them to achieve the best possible grade.
	South Africa: 2b.3 Redefining resistance and challenges to National Party power 1968-83.	At the end of this unit students should be able to define black consciousness and how it influenced the Soweto uprising. During the 1960s the ANC was declared to be a legal organisation ad most of its leaders were either sentenced or in exile. As a result, the ANC faced	Students will develop organisational skills in terms of structuring points for essay questions. Writing essay should also develop their analytical skills of interpreting and developing the questions asked. This can also be seen in interpreting sources that are related to	Peer Assessment Source Analysis Class Assessment Role play

		myriad of problems and thus sought the need to strengthen its position in the 1970s. Based on the tenacious actions of the ANC, the National Party faced challenges between the years 1974-83. Students will also examine the types of international pressures that threatened South African government. Key words: liberation theology, exile, ethnicity, verligte, verkrampte, tricameral parliament.	usefulness and weight of the information in an enquiry.	
Spring 2	America: The quality of life in America from 1917-1980.	In this unit, we will look at the evolving quality of life in American. We will compare and contrast the different effects of the Great Depression and the sudden affluence in Post War America. We will define poverty and affluence for each decade leading to the 1980s. Key terms will include but are not limited to: Stock Market, Crash, Bear Market, Bull Market, Communism, Capitalism, Suburbs, Inflation, Baby Boom, Living Standards, and Consumer.	Students will utilise and strengthen their skill of reading and evaluating statistics, maps, and graphs in a historical context. They will use these to patterns and numbers to tie into the bigger picture of the time. They will analyse other primary sources, specifically images and pictures of the time, to form judgements and opinions of the time and use them in writing or discussion.	Students will be assessed through another mock exam and periodical essays and Socratic seminars. The mock exam will help to determine if they should take the AS or A Level exam.
	South Africa: 2b.4 The end of apartheid and the creation of the 'rainbow nation', 1984-94.	This is the final unit in which students will see the apartheid system coming to an end. Firstly, students will understand the reason townships revolt in the years 1984-87. The National Party have decided to start negotiations between the years 1985-89. Students will assess these reasons for negotiation. After which students will assess the extent in which political negotiations end in a compromise. Another wave of the analysis is to determine the extent in which the new political settlement of 1992-94 help create a fully democratic country. Key words: total strategy, party lists, proportional representation.	Students will develop organisational skills in terms of structuring points for essay questions. Writing essay should also develop their analytical skills of interpreting and developing the questions asked. This can also be seen in interpreting sources that are related to usefulness and weight of the information in an enquiry.	Debate Peer Assessment Class Assessment Role play

Summer 1	America:	In the final unit of our study of American	Students will strengthen their skills in analysing	Students will participate in
		History, students will learn about the Reagan	and evaluating primary sources such as personal	one final mock exam for
	The different interpretations	presidency and its controversies. We will look at	stories, statistics, and data. We will also use this	the term before moving on
	and views of the Reagan	the different multiple perspectives and	time to really practice and hone our writing	to year 13.
	presidency.	interpretations of his time in office by looking at	skills, particularly in analysing interpretations	
		graphs, personal stories, statistics, images, TV	and using them in our writing to practice for the	Students will also
		shows, songs, and other data from the time to	Source C questions on the AS and A Level exam.	complete multiple essays
		get a complete picture of what is going on. We		and participate in several
		will follow trends, patterns, and details to try		discussions.
		and answer some unanswered questions and		
		form our own opinions of his effect on the		
		American people and judge if he was a good		
		president or not.		
	South Africa:	Students will revisit key areas within all four	The skills that students have acquired for the	Mock exams
	♦ Exam Practice	units such as; the 1948 elections, Rivonia Trial,	past four units would all be displayed in three	Class assessment
	♦ All four units	Formation of PAC, Sharpeville Massacre,	exam style questions. Two of these questions	Debate
		Soweto Uprising, Steve Biko, Botha Reforms, De	are source related while the other is an	Peer assessment
		Klerk's new course.	analytical essay.	
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